Figure 4. Effect of in-feed supplementation of carvacrol (CR) and trans-cinnamaldehyde (TC) on liver histopathology in chickens fed with 2.5 µg/g AF in week 3. (A) Control: feed with no AF and no CR/TC supplementation [hematoxylin and eosin (H and E) stain, × 100]; (B) CR control: 0.75% carvacrol control (H and E stain, × 100); (C) TC control: 0.75% trans-cinnamaldehyde control (H and E stain, × 200); (D) AF: 2.5 µg/g aflatoxins (H and E stain, × 100), arrow indicates the bile duct proliferation; (E) AF+CR: 2.5 µg/g aflatoxins + 0.75% carvacrol (H and E stain, × 100); (F) AF+TC: 2.5 µg/g aflatoxins + 0.75% trans-cinnamaldehyde (H and E stain, × 200).